





How Tanzanian fisher Committees use bottom-up approach to surveillance and enforcement of their nearshore fisheries in Pemba Channel Conservation Area

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# Introduction to Mwambao

Vision: Mwambao vision is thriving coastal communities and sustainably managed healthy marine ecosystems in Tanzania including Zanzibar

Mission: Mwambao's mission is to maintain healthy marine ecosystems through improved sustainable coastal resource management and diversified community livelihoods.





#### Marine conservation areas are vast

 A centrally controlled approach to surveillance and enforcement is

- costly and often ineffective
- top down and does not encourage local responsibility OR build trust and ownership

- A bottom-up approach
- will improve efficiency
- is crucial where communities have a core dependence on marine resources i.e it is inclusive



### An overview of our approach to co-management



Capacity assessments and capacity building



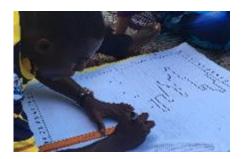
Participatory resource mapping



Establishment of temporary and permanent no take zones



Artificial reef establishment



Participatory analysis and community catch monitoring



Establishment of eco credit groups



Community patrols and enforcement of by laws



PMSD and value chain support





## CO-MANAGEMENT MODEL WHERE INDIVIDUAL COMMITTEES FORM COLLABORATIVE MANAGEMENT GROUPS (4-6 COMMUNITIES) WORKING TOGETHER



Mwambao and WildAid in 2019
Conducted an Assessment with the
following objectives

#### **OBJECTIVE 1**

Design a practical control and vigilance strategy system placing special emphasis on protecting preservation zones and fisheries.

#### **OBJECTIVE 2**

Prioritize a series of recommendations to optimize patrol strategies as well as increase compliance.







#### **KEY FINDINGS**

#### **Limited enforcement & institutional capacity**

Lack of uniforms, limited outreach, sporadic patrols, regulations are not enforced, and no SOPS

#### **Ineffective centralized Misali-based patrol**

Rangers must travel long distances burning scarce fuel achieving limited presence and DO support .

#### **Leverage Co-Management Strategy**

SFCs should have more prominent role in compliance strategy

#### Lack of Awareness and Regard for Regulations

Lack of fishing licenses, encroachment into season closures and use of illegal gear (SCUBA, seines and spearfishing)

#### **Zonification not sufficient**

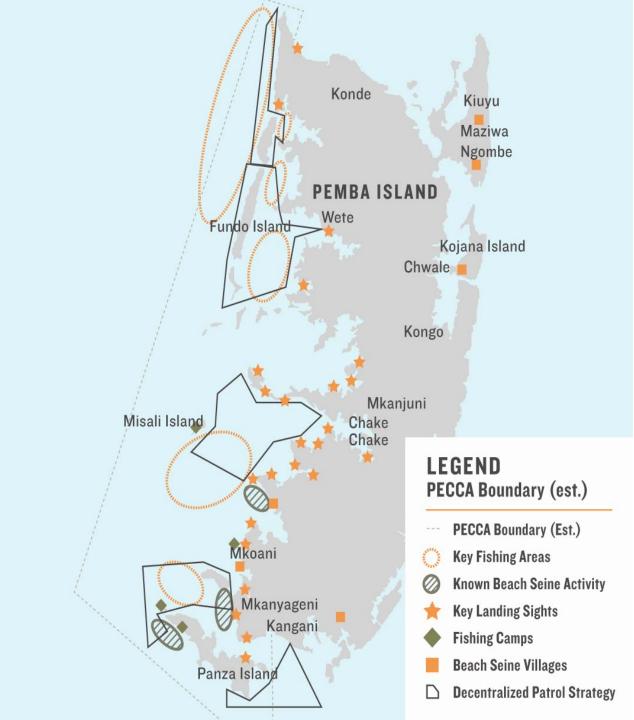
Extremely limited in size and no clear demarcation



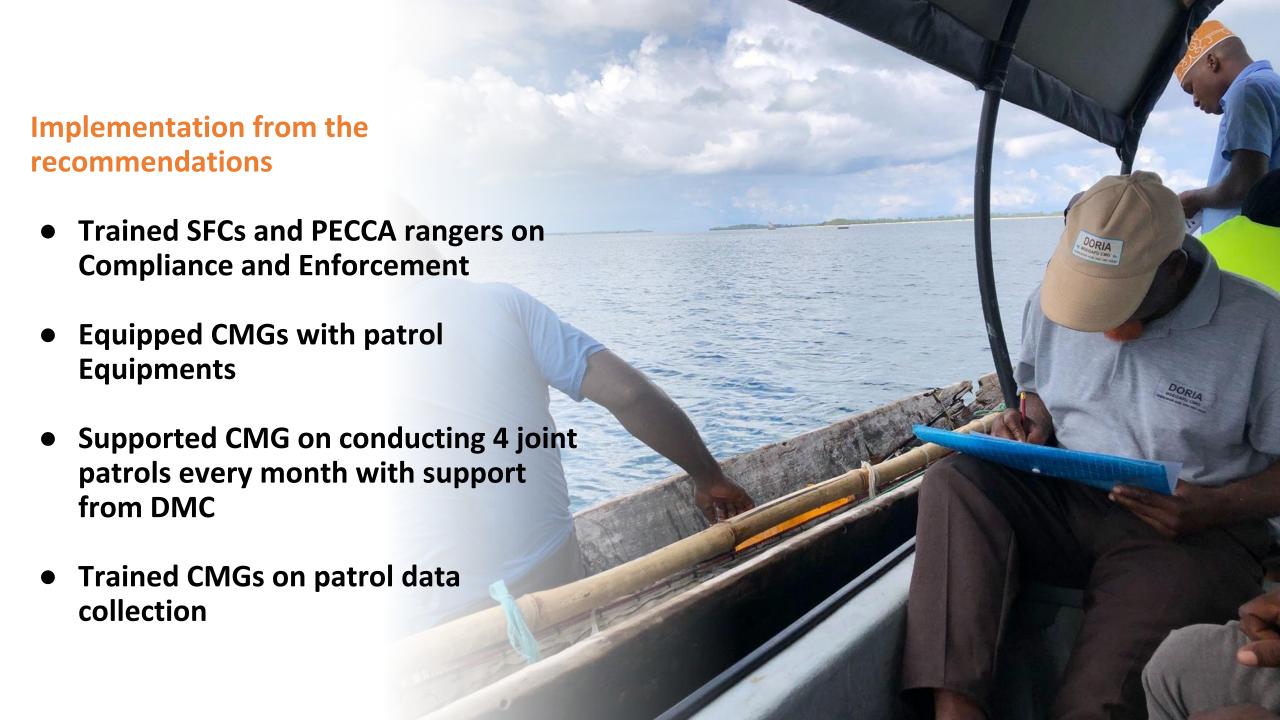


#### **Recommendations from the Findings**

- 1. Institutional Strengthening of DFD and PECCA
- 2. Decentralize patrol strategy
- 3. Recommended Patrol Assets
- 4. Inter-agency agreement with Navy Police
- 5. Education and Outreach
- 6. Protected Area Demarcation
- 7. Enforce Regulations and ensure Penalties







## Success from the follow up of the Assessment

- Patrol routes discussed and agreed
- Monthly meetings for each team held
- Joint Fisheries committees patrol
- Four patrols conducted in every month
- Community ownership of patrol data written record





Expanding approach to New Collaborative groups

Digitising data collection

Improved coordination with DoF for follow-up actions

Refine targeted approach

Improved outreach

